FOLK USES OF SOME PLANTS USED IN THE TREATMENT OF

ANIMAL DISORDERS

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ABSTRACT

It is evident that many valuable herbal drugs have been discovered by knowing that

particular plant was used by the ancient folk healers for the treatment of some kind of

ailment. The detailed survey was carried out by the author to collect information on the

medicinal herbs used by the rural and tribes of the region in curing animal disorder.

Key Words: Animal disorder, Folk use, Herbs

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INTRODUCTION

Medicinal plants have always been the principle sources of medicine in India. Since ancient

past and presently they are becoming popular in curing various cattle diseases and

disorders. To treat various cattle ailments most of the local population depends on native

medicinal plants because of the risk of major side effects and cost of modern allopathic

medicine. There has been a rapid extension of allopathic system of medical treatment in

our country during the past century (Dwivedi et. al. 2007). It is evident that many valuable

herbal drugs have been discovered by knowing that particular plant was used by the ancient

folk healers for the treatment of some kind of ailment (Ekka & Dixit, 2007). These tribes

and rural people are largely dependent on the cattle's for the various purposes like agriculture, milk and so on. Therefore, due to the factor of cost, less availability of veterinary doctors and severe adverse effects of modern allopathic medicines, they are looking back to the nature in the search of curative properties of the natural resources. The present work was undertaken by us to gather the information about medicinal herbs being used by the tribes of the region in curing various animal disorders.

METHODOLOGY

The plants used in the treatment of various animal disorders were collected by the investigator from the different study sites of Madhya Pradesh during April-08 to Sep- 08. During the field trip personal interview was made between the author and informants of the region. Data regarding herbal remedies were collected as per plan suggested by Dwivedi (2003), Sinha (1998). The plants were identified by Prof. Dr. S. N. DWIVEDI, Dept. of Botany, Janata PG College, A.P.S. University, Rewa, M.P. and are deposited in our institute. Confirmation of the specimen was made with the help of floristic literature, Kurian (2003) and Khare (2004).

OBSERVATIONS

The herbs used by the rural in curing various animal disorder are listed in Table-1 and the following enumeration are given (Botanical Name, Local Name, Part used Name of Disease)

RESULTS AND CONCLUSIONS

The present work gives the salient features of the plants utilize by the rural people of the region in curing various animal disorder. In the present work authors has collected 16 species of veterinary importance that have therapeutic property and are used in cattle ailment, presented in Table-1. Hence, the present work focuses the therapeutic efficacy of the herbs used in various animal disorders.

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Table: 1 Medicinal Herbs having Ethnoveterinary importance

| S/No. | Botanical Name/ Family | Local Name | Part used | Name of Diseases |
|-------|-----------------------------------|-------------|----------------|------------------|
| 1 | Azadirachta indica Juss. | Neem | Leaf poultice, | Cut and injury |
| | (Meliaceae) | | leaves | Intestinal worms |
| | | | | in infants |
| | | | | Skin diseases |
| 2 | Bombax ceiba DC (Bombaceae) | Semal | Stem bark | Flatulence and |
| | | | | indigestion |
| 3 | Calonyction muricatum G. Don | Khotlaiya | Seed powder | Constipation |
| | (Convovulaceae) | | | |
| 4 | Calotropis gigantea (L.) R.Br. | Safed madar | Flower bud | Diarrhoea & |
| | | | | dysentery |
| | | | Burnt root | Shoulder wound |
| | | | | caused by yoke |
| 5 | Carum carvi L. (Apiaceae) | Ajwain | Seed powder | Flatulence & |
| | | | | indigestion |
| 6 | Cissus quandragularis L. | Harjor | Fresh shoot | Bone fracture |
| | (Vitaceae) | | | |
| 7 | Cleome gynandraL. (Cleomaceae) | Hulhul | Seed paste | Skin disease |
| 8 | Coriander sativum L. (Apiaceae) | Dhaniya | Leaf paste | Mastitis |
| 9 | Datura communis L. (Solanaceae) | Dhatura | Roasted unripe | Diarrhoea & |
| | | | fruits | dysentery |
| 10 | Lepidium sativum L. (Brassiaceae) | Chansur | Seed poultice | Mastitis |
| 11 | Nicotiana tabaccum L. | Tambakhu | Leaf juice | Ectoparasite |
| | (Solanaceae) | | | |
| 12 | Sorghum vulgare L. (Poaceae) | Jwar | Tender leaves | Intestinal worms |

| | | | | in infants |
|----|-----------------------------------|----------|----------------|----------------|
| 13 | Terminalia chebula Gaertn. | Harra | Seed powder | Cut & injury |
| | (Combretaceae) | | | |
| 14 | Vernonia anthelmintica (L.) Willd | Kalajira | Seed decoction | Fever |
| | (Asteraceae) | | | |
| 15 | Vitex negundo L. (Verbenaceae) | Nirgundi | Leaf poultice | Cut & injury |
| 16 | Ziziphus nummularis W. & A. | Jharber | Root decoction | Shoulder wound |
| | (Rhamnaceae) | | | by yoke |